



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/557,068	04/21/2000	Sai V. Allavarpu	5181-61100	6633
7590	09/30/2004		EXAMINER	
Robert C Kowert Conley Rose & Tayon PC P O Box 398 Austin, TX 78767			HU, JINSONG	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2154	

DATE MAILED: 09/30/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/557,068	ALLAVARPU ET AL. <i>q</i>
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Jinsong Hu	2154

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 June 2004.
- 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-45 is/are pending in the application.
 - 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1-45 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.

Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 - a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____. |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____. | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____. |

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-45 are presented for examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

3. Claims 1-3, 5-6, 16-18, 20-21, 31-33 and 35-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Carre (US 6,282,579).

4. As per claim 1, Carre teaches the invention substantially as claimed including a network management system [col. 1, lines 10-19] comprising:

a gateway [CMISE Gateway, Fig. 3a] which is coupled to one or more managed objects [col. 5, lines 2-23] and which is configured to deliver messages between the managed objects and one or more managers [Fig. 2b; Fig. 3a-3b; col. 3, lines 33-53; col. 5, lines 9-20]; and

a platform-independent interface [i.e., CMISE/IDL] to the gateway, wherein the gateway is configurable to communicate with the managers through the platform-independent interface to deliver the messages [col. 5, lines 25-33 & 60-65].

Wherein the gateway is configurable to deliver the messages for each manager in a format selected by that manager [col. 5, lines 49-59; col. 6, lines 30-35].

5. As per claim 2, Carre teaches that the selected format comprises text [col. 6, lines 30-35].

6. As per claim 3, Carre teaches that the selected format comprises Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN1) [col. 1, lines 38-42].

7. As per claims 5-6, Carre teaches that the platform-independent interface to the gateway is expressed in an interface definition language, and wherein the interface definition language comprises a language for defining interfaces to managed objects across a plurality of platforms and across a plurality of programming languages, and the interface definition language comprises OMG IDL [col. 4, lines 7-13].

8. As per claims 16-18 and 20-21, since they are method claims of claims 1-3 and 5-6, they are rejected for the same basis as claims 1-3 and 5-6.

9. As per claims 31-33 and 35-36, since they are program claims of claims 1-3 and 5-6, they are rejected for the same basis as claims 1-3 and 5-6.

10. Claims 1-2, 4-11, 13-17, 19-26, 28-32, 34-41 and 43-45 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Shank et al. (US 6,445,776 B1).

11. As per claim 1, Shank teaches the invention substantially as claimed including a network management system [col. 1, lines 13-18] comprising:

a gateway [220, 230, Fig. 2] which is coupled to one or more managed objects [i.e., data in different resources] and which is configured to deliver messages between the managed objects and one or more managers [210-216, Fig. 2; col. 4, line 65 – col. 5, line 12; col. 7, line 63 – col. 8, line 9]; and

a platform-independent interface [i.e., media service interface] to the gateway, wherein the gateway is configurable to communicate with the managers through the platform-independent interface to deliver the messages [col. 17, lines 26-37].

Wherein the gateway is configurable to deliver the messages for each manager in a format selected by that manager [col. 5, lines 39-50].

12. As per claim 2, Shank teaches that the selected format comprises text [228, Fig. 2].

13. As per claim 4, Shank teaches that the messages are communicated with the managers via Internet Inter-Object Protocol (IIOP) [col. 3, line 65 - col. 4, line 1].
14. As per claims 5-6, Shank teaches that the platform-independent interface to the gateway is expressed in an interface definition language, and wherein the interface definition language comprises a language for defining interfaces to managed objects across a plurality of platforms and across a plurality of programming languages, and the interface definition language comprises OMG IDL [col. 4, lines 7-13].
15. As per claims 7 and 8, Shank teaches that the managed objects comprise one or more objects corresponding to a telephone network [210, Fig. 2; col. 7, lines 20-24].
16. As per claims 9 and 10, Shank teaches that the gateway comprises a request gateway which is configured to deliver messages generated by the one or more managers to the one or more managed objects, and wherein the messages comprise requests for the one or more managed objects [col. 2, lines 64-67; col. 7, lines 43-46; col. 7, line 66 – col. 8, line 6].
17. As per claim 11, Shank teaches that the requests comprise a command to set one or more parameters [i.e., tvmList, offset, etc.] of one of the managed objects [col. 17, lines 53-66].

18. As per claim 13, Shank teaches that the requests are converted from the interface definition language to a platform-specific format prior to delivery to the managed objects [col. 5, lines 39-50].

19. As per claim 14, Shank teaches that the gateway comprises an event gateway [234, Fig. 2], and the messages comprise events associated with the managed objects [col. 5, lines 5-12].

20. As per claims 15, Carre teaches that the events comprise an alert generated by one of the managed objects [col. 6, lines 59-61].

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

21. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

22. Claims 3, 12, 18, 27, 33 and 42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shank et al. (US 6,445,776 B1) as applied to claim 1-2, 4-11, 13-17, 19-26, 28-32, 34-41 and 43-45 above.

Art Unit: 2154

23. As per claims 3 and 12, Shank teaches the invention substantially as claimed in claim 1. Shank does not specifically teach that the selected format comprises Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN1) and the requests are converted from the interface definition language to a Portable Management Interface (PMI) format prior to delivery to the managed objects. However, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made that utilizing a well-known specification language [e.g., ASN. 1] and particular interface format [e.g., PMI] in Shank's system for fulfilling the system requirement.

24. As per claims 18 and 27, since they are method claims of claims 3 and 12, they are rejected for the same basis as claims 3 and 27 above.

25. As per claims 33 and 42, since they are program claims of claims 3 and 12, they are rejected for the same basis as claims 3 and 12.

Conclusion

26. Applicant's arguments filed on 6/28/04 for claims 1-45 have been fully considered but they are not deemed to be persuasive.

27. In the remarks, applicant argued in substance that (1) Carre does not teach a gateway is configured to deliver the message for each manager in a format selected by that manager; (2) Carre does not teach a manager selecting a text format for messages; (3) Shank does not teach the message is delivered to each manager in a format selected

by the manager; (4) Shank does not teach a gateway for delivering the message in a format selected by the manager; (5) Shank does not teach the selected format comprises text; (6) Shank does not teach a request gateway for delivering messages generated by one or more managers; (7) Shank does not teach converting requests from the interface definition language to a platform-specific format prior to delivery to the managed objects.

28. Examiner respectfully traverses applicant's remarks:

A. As to point (1), applicant fails to consider the teaching of the Carre for delivering the messages to the manager in the format selected by the manager [i.e., through different interfaces GDMO++, GDMO/IDL] by gateways [CMISE of Fig. 3a; GDMO gateway of Fig. 3b]. In Carre's system, there are more than one gateway, each of them communicates to the manager via different interface, they perform the same function as the gateway applicant claimed in claim 1. Thus, Carre does teach a gateway is configured to deliver the message for each manager in a format selected by that manager.

B. As to point (2), applicant fails to consider the teaching of Carre for sending the outcome message to the client based on what information required by the client in request message. All of these messages include context and related to different target object [i.e., different format]. Thus, Carre does teach the selected format comprises text.

C. As to points (3)-(4) and (6), applicant fails to consider the teaching of the Shank for providing services through media, telephony and basic services interfaces.

These interfaces performing message-delivering function as the gateway as applicant claimed. Furthermore, the services including text-to-speech services, speech recognition services, facsimile services, etc, the format or interface for each of these services are different, they are being selected by that deliver manager [i.e., player, recognizer, etc.; col. 5, lines 39-50; col. 17, lines 26-37]. Thus, Shank does teach a gateway is configured to deliver the message for each manager in a format selected by that manager.

D. As to point (5), applicant fails to consider the teaching of Shank for providing text-to-speech services [col. 5, line 40]. Thus, Shank does teach that the selected format comprises text.

F. As to point (7), applicant fails to consider the teaching of Shank's reference for communicating to different objects by different protocols which based on an industry standard. Furthermore, applicant admits Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN1), which is used for defining the data types for object attributes, is a well-known industry standard. Thus, based on the concept and advantage of industry standard and ordinary skill in the art, ASN1 can be implemented in Shank's system. Finally, applicant fails to consider the teaching of Shank's reference for converting requests before delivering them to objects when the user and server in different process [col. 4, lines 35-40], the purpose of the conversion is to make the requests understandable by the receivers [i.e., objects], so what kind format the requests being converted to based on the receivers, they could be any industry standard formats, such as Portable Management Interface (PMI) format. Therefore, Shank does teach converting requests

from the interface definition language to a platform-specific format prior to delivery to the managed objects.

Accordingly, Carre and Shank are relevant prior art references.

29. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP §706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

30. A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

31. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jinsong Hu whose telephone number is (703) 306 – 5932.

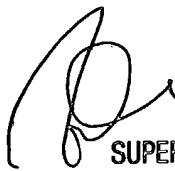
If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John A. Follansbee, can be reached on (703) 305-8498. The fax number for Group 2100 is (703) 872-9306.

Art Unit: 2154

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jinsong Hu

September 22, 2004



JOHN FOLLANSBEE
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100